Language Cert

IESOL & ISESOL

B2 COMMUNICATOR LEVEL SYLLABUS

SKILLS, TOPICS, FUNCTIONS AND GRAMMAR

Skills

Listening

The candidate will be able to:

- understand standard spoken English delivered at normal speed
- follow short conversations both formal and informal in a range of familiar situations understanding gist, context, purpose, function, attitude, feelings, opinions and relationships
- follow a conversation and predict the likely outcome
- understand narratives, sequences, instructions, descriptions and explanations
- identify the function of short utterances which may contain idiomatic expressions (see Grammar and Functions sections)
- follow a discussion to identify gist, detail, purposes and key ideas and distinguish between fact and opinion
- extract and reproduce key information from announcements, media broadcasts, presentations and lectures including abstract and concrete topics encountered in personal, social, academic and vocational life
- follow clearly structured extended speech and more complex argument when familiar with the topic.

Phonological features

- recognise how intonation, pitch and/or stress can affect meaning
- recognise feelings, moods, attitudes, important points and opinions expressed through stress, pitch and intonation.

Range

- understand ideas, arguments and descriptions expressed through complex sentence forms
- understand some lower frequency vocabulary and expressions relating to everyday life and current events.

Register

• recognise degrees of formality used by speakers in different types of utterances in everyday and less familiar situations.

Understanding gist

• understand the main ideas in longer but clearly structured announcements, conversations and discussions on familiar and unfamiliar concrete and abstract topics.

Understanding detail

• extract the more salient points of detail from longer but clearly structured texts on familiar and unfamiliar topics and on both concrete and abstract topics.

Reading

The candidate will be able to:

- understand texts in different styles and purposes with a large degree of independence
- understand the main ideas in complex texts on both familiar and abstract topics
- understand the way meaning is built up in a range of texts
- locate specific information from different parts of a text or different texts
- understand feelings, opinions, warnings and conditions in both formal and informal text
- understand lengthy texts containing complex instructions or explanations
- understand articles and reports concerned with contemporary issues in which the writers adopt particular viewpoints
- locate and understand information, ideas and opinions from longer more specialised sources in familiar contexts.

Range

- understand a broad range of vocabulary but may experience some difficulty with low frequency idioms
- understand texts which contain a broad range of grammatical structures.

Register

• understand the features of register in texts including those conveying emotion or dispute.

Text structure

- recognise how purpose is achieved in a range of texts including those containing images, graphical and tabular data
- understand a broad range of discourse markers including those expressing addition, cause and effect, contrast, sequence and time.

Writing

The candidate will be able to:

- write coherently on topics of general interest linking ideas appropriately and effectively
- write clear connected text describing real or imaginary people or events
- present an argument giving points for and against, supporting and evaluating different views
- write formal letters, reports or articles to fulfil a range of functions for practical purposes
- write letters descriptions of personally significant events, people or experiences.
- use correct punctuation in formal and informal writing to enhance meaning
- correctly spell words used in work, study and daily life
- control grammar to communicate effectively although errors may occur when complex structures are attempted
- use words and expressions appropriate to topic and purpose of the writing
- adjust register in familiar contexts to suit purpose and readership

- use a range of linking words effectively to show clearly the relationship between ideas
- paragraph appropriately
- reproduce conventional features of common types of text.

The text types candidates at this level will be required to produce are as follows:

- letter
- article
- email
- review
- blog post
- story
- argumentative composition
- descriptive composition

Speaking

The candidate will be able to:

- speak with a degree of fluency and spontaneity making sustained interaction possible without undue strain
- communicate personal information, opinions, feelings and ideas
- communicate in a variety of social situations using a range of functional language
- exchange information to perform a task
- narrate, describe, explain and express opinions in extended speech
- give straightforward descriptions, narratives, directions, instructions on topics encountered in personal, social, academic or vocational life
- contribute points to an argument on a familiar topic integrating sub-themes and coming to a conclusion.
- pronounce clearly the sounds of English in connected speech
- produce stretches of language with few noticeable long pauses, but with some hesitation when searching for patterns and expressions.
- display a relatively high degree of grammatical control without impeding errors.
- use sufficient range of language to give detailed descriptions and arguments and be able to highlight personal events and emotions
- produce complex sentences although there is still some searching for vocabulary and expressions.
- adopt a degree of formality appropriate to the circumstances
- cope linguistically with more stressful kinds of interaction such as complaints or disputes.
- manage the conventions of turn taking using appropriate phrases for making and dealing with interruptions and requesting information
- link utterances using some cohesive devices although there may be some 'jerkiness' in extended speech.

Topics

PERSONAL IDENTIFICATION

- personal details
- occupation
- family
- likes and dislikes
- physical appearance
- first language
- character

HOUSE AND HOME & LOCAL ENVIRONMENT

- types of accommodation
- interior design
- local & regional services/amenities
- regional geographical features
- local flora and fauna

DAILY LIFE

- at home
- at work
- income
- prospects

FREE TIME, ENTERTAINMENT

- leisure, hobbies & interests
- TV, radio, cinema, theatre
- computer, internet
- intellectual/artistic pursuits
- sports
- press
- music
- photography
- the written word (reading, letterwriting, diaries etc)
- exhibitions, museums

TRAVEL

- public & private transport
- traffic & traffic control
- 'green' travel
- holidays
- accommodation
- entering and leaving a country

RELATIONS WITH OTHER PEOPLE

- family relationships
- friendship
- manners
- social conventions

HEALTH AND BODYCARE

- parts of the body
- personal comfort
- hygiene
- ailments, accidents
- medical services

SHOPPING

- shopping facilities
- foodstuffs
- clothes, fashion
- household articles
- prices

FOOD AND DRINK

- eating habits
- sourcing food locally
- fast food
- organic food
- year-round availability
- diets

SERVICES

- communications
- financial services
- emergency services
- leisure facilities
- care for the elderly
- IT in the community

PLACES & LOCATION

- satellite navigation systems
- World Heritage sites
- locations for motorways & airports
- protecting open spaces

LANGUAGE

- foreign language ability
- accents & dialects
- preserving minority languages
- bilingualism

WEATHER

- climate and weather
- weather forecasting
- climate change
- extreme weather

MEASURES AND SHAPES

- statistics
- processes

EDUCATION

- schooling
- subjects
- qualifications and examinations

THE ENVIRONMENT

- recycling
- pollution
- global warming

BELIEFS

- the paranormal & supernatural
- superstitions
- unexplained phenomena e.g. UFOs, coincidences etc.

ARTS

- modern art, theatre
- classical art, theatre

SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY

- scientific development
- space exploration
- power of the computer
- important inventions

SOCIETY

- individual rights
- family life
- parental responsibilities
- social responsibilities
- equal opportunities

Functions

Personal environment

- asking for and giving personal information
- describing where one lives (accommodation, area etc)
- asking and answering questions for confirmation, information, identification
- describing people, places, things
- correcting information
- explaining routines
- narrating and describing past, present and future events
- comparing things, people
- reporting facts, actions
- stating facts, actions
- giving descriptions and specifications.

Expressing thoughts, feelings and attitudes

- expressing and asking about agreement or disagreement
- denying something
- expressing agreement reluctantly or with reservations
- conceding a point or argument, demurring
- expressing views and feelings with reasons
- asserting and asking about knowledge or ignorance of something or someone
- stating whether a person, thing or action is remembered or forgotten
- enquiring of someone else whether a person, thing or action is remembered or forgotten
- stating and asking about degrees of probability/possibility
- expressing, denying or asking about necessity (including logical deduction)
- stating and asking about one's certainty or uncertainty of something

- reminding someone to do something
- expressing doubt, incredulity, bewilderment
- hypothesising
- stating and asking about one's ability or inability to do something
- stating and enquiring about one's obligation (or lack of) to do something
- seeking, granting or denying permission
- stating and asking about the permissibility of doing something
- expressing and asking about wishes, hopes, expectations
- expressing and asking about wants, desires, needs
- stating and asking about intention
- stating, responding to and asking about preference
- expressing and asking about likes and dislikes, with reasons
- expressing and asking about (dis)pleasure, (un)happiness
- expressing and asking about satisfaction or dissatisfaction
- expressing disappointment
- expressing gratitude
- expressing and asking about interest or lack of it
- expressing surprise or lack of it
- expressing and asking about fear, worry, anxiety
- giving reassurance
- expressing regret, sympathy, condolence
- expressing fellow-feeling, empathy
- expressing and asking about pain, anguish, suffering
- expressing relief
- expressing indifference
- expressing fatigue, resignation
- offering and accepting an apology
- granting forgiveness
- expressing and asking about approval, appreciation or disapproval

- expressing moral obligation
- expressing regret
- accepting, attaching or denying blame for something.

Making things happen

- responding to a request
- requesting something, or requesting someone to do something
- inviting someone to do something
- accepting or declining an offer or invitation
- giving instructions or orders
- giving and asking for advice
- responding to or rejecting advice, with reasons
- warning others to be careful or to stop doing something
- offering and requesting assistance
- insisting politely
- persuading someone to do something
- suggesting a course of action
- asking for, responding to, agreeing to or rejecting suggestions with reason/alternative
- making and agreeing plans and arrangements
- encouraging someone to do something
- reaching a compromise
- prohibiting someone from doing something
- making a complaint
- refusing to do something, expressing defiance
- pleading with someone to do something.

Social contact

- getting someone's attention
- greeting people and responding to greetings
- expressing thanks
- addressing somebody
- making and responding to formal and informal introductions

- opening, closing a formal or informal conversation
- congratulating someone
- praising someone
- paying someone a compliment
- asking someone's opinion
- making someone feel welcome
- indicating lack of understanding
- giving and asking for clarification, explanation or definition of something
- confirming one's own or another's understanding
- asking someone to repeat all or part of something
- asking someone to speak more slowly
- asking for help in finding words or phrases
- asking for and giving the spelling and meaning of words
- counting and using numbers
- asking for and telling people the time, day, date
- interrupting politely
- objecting, protesting
- exemplifying or emphasising a point
- classifying, generalising, defining something
- encouraging another speaker to continue
- indicating a wish to continue or finish speaking
- summing up
- taking leave
- observing telephone conventions
- observing letter-writing conventions.

Grammar

Please note that:

- Candidates may be exposed to the grammar required for the level above, but will not be tested on it.
- Candidates are required to possess all structures described in the level(s) below them

	Communicator	Expert	Mastery
	as Achiever and in addition	as Communicator and in addition	as Expert and in addition
Simple, compound and complex sentences with subordinate clauses	 word order in sentences with more than one subordinate clause there had been use of common conjunctions expressing contrast, purpose, consequence, condition, concession non-defining relative clauses defining relative clauses with where, whose, when defining relative clauses without relative pronouns participial clauses describing action with -ing 	 word order in complex sentences, including order selected for emphasis there could be/would be/should be could have/would have/should have wider range of conjunctions including on condition that, provided that comparative clauses more complex participial clauses describing action with -ed 	• full range of conjunctions

Verb forms

	Communicator	Expert	Mastery
	as Achiever and in addition	as Communicator and in addition	as Expert and in addition
Verb forms	 Present/Past reference: present perfect continuous Past reference: past perfect Other: simple passive use of 2nd and 3rd conditional verbs + (object) _ gerund or infinitive such as would like someone to do something, + suggest doing something causative use of have and get reported speech with a range of tenses wider range of phrasal verbs such as give up, hold out reported requests and instructions question tags using tenses appropriate to this level 	 all verb forms active and passive Other: would expressing habit in the past mixed conditionals reported speech with full range of tenses and introductory verbs extended phrasal verbs such as get round to, carry on with question tags using all tenses imperative + question tag contracted forms appropriate to this level 	• as Expert

Modals, nouns, prepositions

	Communicator as Achiever and in addition	Expert as Communicator and in addition	Mastery as Expert and in addition
Modals	 <i>ought to</i> (obligation) negative of <i>need</i> and <i>have to</i> to express absence of obligation <i>must/can't</i> (deduction) 	 should have/might have/may have/could have/must have and negative forms of these can't have, needn't have 	• as Expert
Nouns	 wider range of noun phrases with pre- and post-modification word order of determiners, eg all my books 	 extended range of complex noun phrases 	• as Expert
Prepositions and prepositional phrases	 wider range of prepositions including <i>despite, in spite of</i> collocations of verbs/nouns + prepositions such as <i>point at, have an interest in</i> preposition + <i>-ing</i> form such as <i>after leaving</i> 	 preposition + having + past participle such as <i>having eaten</i> 	• as Expert

Articles, determiners, adjectives, adverbs, intensifiers

	Communicator as Achiever and in addition	Expert as Communicator and in addition	Mastery as Expert and in addition
Articles	 definite, indefinite and zero article with both countable and uncountable nouns in a range of uses 	• as Communicator	• as Expert
Adjectives	 comparisons with <i>fewer</i> and <i>less</i> collocation of adjective + preposition such as <i>responsible</i> <i>for</i> 	as Communicator	• as Expert
Adverbs	 adverbial phrases of degree, extent, probability comparative and superlative of adverbs 	• as Communicator	• as Expert
Intensifiers	• wide range such as <i>extremely, much too</i>	• collocation of intensifiers with absolute and relative adjectives such as <i>absolutely gorgeous, very pretty</i>	• as Expert

Punctuation and spelling

	Communicator as Achiever and in addition	Expert as Communicator and in addition	Mastery as Expert and in addition
Punctuation	 multiple uses of commas use of apostrophes for possession and omission use of other punctuation to enhance meaning 	• accurate use of all punctuation	• as Expert
Spelling	• the correct spelling of words used in work, studies and daily life	 the correct spelling of words used in work, studies and daily life including familiar technical words 	 the correct spelling of words used in more specialized contexts (such as business, academia, international affairs)
Discourse			
	Communicator as Achiever and in addition	Expert as Communicator and in addition	Mastery as Expert and in addition
Discourse	 a range of discourse markers expressing addition, cause and effect, contrast (<i>however</i>), sequence and time (<i>at a later date</i>) markers to structure spoken discourse (<i>as I was saying</i>) use of ellipsis in informal speech and writing (<i>sounds good</i>) 	 a range of logical markers (<i>in this respect, accordingly</i>) sequence markers (<i>subsequently</i>) a wider range of discourse markers to structure formal and informal speech (<i>can we now turn to</i>) 	 a full range of discourse markers adapted to context and register